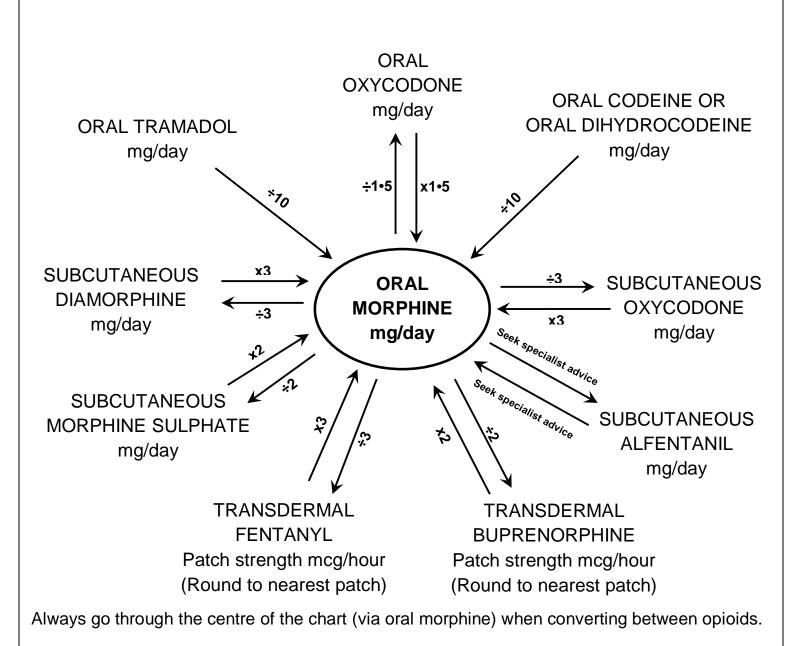
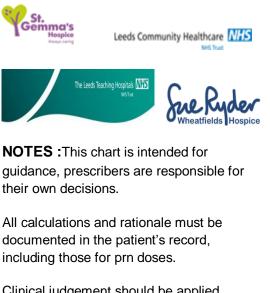
The Leeds Opioid Conversion Guide For Adult Palliative Care Patients





Clinical judgement should be applied, considering: underlying clinical situation; comorbidity (e.g. renal or liver impairment); drug interactions, nature of pain and its opioid responsiveness; other pain interventions; symptoms being managed by opioid; toxicity of current opioid; previous opioid doses and adherence; rapidity of opioid escalation; use of larger doses; switches involving change of route; malabsorption issues; reason for switching. These factors **may** necessitate an empirical reduction in the dose of the replacement opioid and re-titration.

For further advice contact your local Specialist Palliative Care Service.

Conversions are based on Company Data, PCF5 and EAPC 2011 guidelines.

Adapted for Leeds city wide use April 2016 (Leeds Palliative Care MCN)